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Note Title

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Matrix factorizations / B-model

Recall :

$$A := \mathbb{C}[\partial_1, \dots, \partial_n]$$

$$R := \mathbb{C}[Q_1, \dots, Q_n]$$

Both graded in $\mathbb{Z} \oplus \mathbb{Z} / \substack{2(n-1) \oplus (1, \dots, 1)} = \mathbb{G}$

$$A := A \otimes R$$

A_∞ structure on A uniquely characterized by

- ① Grading
- ② $\text{Sym}(n)$ -equivariant
- ③ $\mu_0^2 = \text{exterior product}$
- ④ $\Phi_{\text{HKR}}(\mu^{23}) = \pm z_1 \dots z_n \pm \sum Q_i z_i^2 + \mathcal{O}(Q^2)$.

We consider $\in (\text{HH}^*(A) \otimes R)^2$

$$S := R[z_1, \dots, z_n]$$

$$W \in S, \quad W := z_1 \dots z_n + \sum Q_i z_i^2$$

S has a G -grading; W has $\deg 2$.

$$\deg(Q_i) = 2(1-n) \oplus (0, \dots, 1, 0, \dots, 0)$$

$$\deg(Z_i) = 2 \oplus (0, \dots, -1, 0, \dots, 0)$$

$$\deg(W) = 2n \oplus (-1, \dots, -1)$$

$$= 2n + 2(1-n) \oplus 0$$

$$= 2 \oplus 0$$

Now $MF^G(S, W)$:

Obj := Free G -graded S -modules X

with $d_X: X \rightarrow X$ of $\deg = 1$,

$$d_X^2 = W \cdot \text{id}$$

Lema's talk: construct a MF (B, d_B)

$$B := S[\theta_1, \dots, \theta_n]$$

$$d_B := \sum z_i \frac{\partial}{\partial \theta_i} + w_i \theta_i$$

(where $\sum_i z_i w_i = W$)

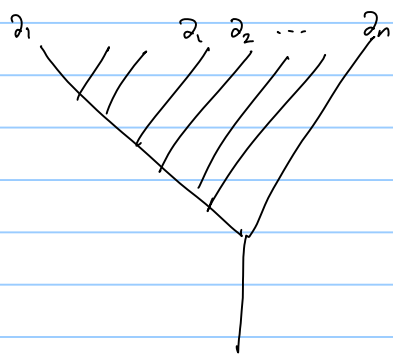
$$\rightsquigarrow \text{End}(B, d_B) \xrightarrow[A_\infty]{\sim} \left(\mathbb{R}[\partial_1, \dots, \partial_n], \mu^2, \mu^3, \dots \right)$$

exterior product

Lem: $\mathbb{F}_{\text{HKR}}(\mu^{\geq 3}) = W \in \mathbb{R}[z_1, \dots, z_n][[\partial_1, \dots, \partial_n]]$

Sketch :

$$\mu^{i_1, \dots, i_n}(\partial_1, \dots, \partial_1, \dots, \partial_n, \dots, \partial_n) = (\partial^i W)(0)$$



contributions from
other trees vanish.

$$W = z_1 \dots z_n + \sum Q_i z_i^n$$

$$\mu^n(z_1, \dots, z_n) = 1$$

Cor. $\mathcal{B} := \text{End}_{\text{MF}\mathbb{G}}(\mathcal{B}, d_{\mathcal{B}})$

satisfies the conditions required by

our "recognition principle"

from yesterday :

- \mathbb{G} -graded

- $\text{Sym}(n)$ -eq

- $\mu_0^2 = \text{ext prod}$

- $\Phi_{\text{HKR}}(\mu^{\geq 3}) = W + \mathcal{O}(Q^2)$

Cor. $\exists \psi: R \xrightarrow{\sim} R$ and

A is quasi-isomorphism

$$A \cong \psi^* B \cong \text{End}_{\text{MF}^G(S,W)}(B, d_B)$$

$$\cong \text{End}_{F(\mathbb{C}P^{n-2}, D^n)}$$

$$\Rightarrow \tilde{A} = \psi^* \tilde{B}$$

$q_* p^* A \subset F(X^n, D)$ $p^* B \subset p^* \text{MF}^G(S,W)$

all shifts

$\downarrow ?$
 $D^b \text{Coh}^G(\tilde{Y}^n)$

$$p: H_1(\mathcal{G}(X^n | D)) \rightarrow H_1(\mathcal{G}P^{n-2})$$

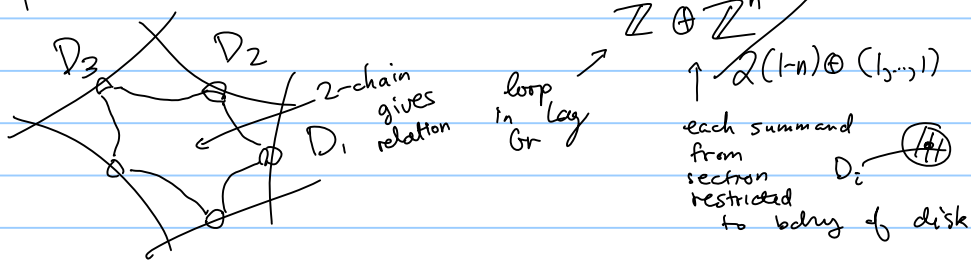
$$\cong \mathbb{Z} \oplus \mathbb{Z}^n / (1, \dots, 1)$$

$$q \downarrow$$

$$\mathbb{Z}$$

$$\pi: X^n | D \rightarrow \mathbb{C}P^{n-2} | D$$

$$\pi_*: H_1(\mathcal{G}(X^n | D)) \xrightarrow{p} H_1(\mathcal{G}(\mathbb{C}P^{n-2} | D))$$



$$p: \mathbb{Z} \oplus \mathbb{Z}^n / (1, \dots, 1) \longrightarrow \mathbb{Z} \oplus \mathbb{Z}^n / (2(-n) \oplus (1, \dots, 1))$$

$$j \oplus (j_1, \dots, j_n) \longmapsto j + 2(-n)(j_1 + \dots + j_n) \oplus (nj_1, \dots, nj_n)$$

$$\text{Coker}(p) \cong (\mathbb{Z}/n)^n / (1, \dots, 1) = \text{covering group}$$

$$\text{ker}(p) \cong 0$$

Defn: $G_{MF(n)} := \mathbb{Z} \oplus \mathbb{Z} / \mathbb{Z}^{\oplus -n}$

Lemma There's a commutative diagram of grading data:

$$\begin{array}{ccc} \mathbb{Z} \oplus \mathbb{Z}^n / (1, \dots, 1) & \xrightarrow{q} & \mathbb{Z} \\ \downarrow & & \downarrow f \\ \mathbb{Z} \oplus \mathbb{Z}^n / \mathbb{Z}^{(-n) \oplus (1, \dots, 1)} & \xrightarrow{g} & G_{MF(n)} \end{array}$$

Lem: If V is $(\mathbb{Z} \oplus \mathbb{Z}^n / \mathbb{Z}^{(-n) \oplus (1, \dots, 1)})$ -graded, then $f^* g_* V$ admits a Γ -grading,

$$\Gamma := (\mathbb{Z}^n) / (1, \dots, 1)$$

$$\longleftrightarrow \Gamma^* \text{-action, } \Gamma^* := \text{Hom}(\Gamma, \mathbb{C}^*)$$

$$\text{And } (f^* g_* V)^{\Gamma^*} \cong q_* p^* V$$

Cor. $q_* p^* MF_G(S, W) \cong (f^* g_* MF_G(S, W))^{\Gamma^*}$

Defn: Let S be a \mathbb{Z} -graded ring,

$W \in S$ homogeneous of $\text{deg} = n$

(e.g. $S = \mathbb{K}[z_1, \dots, z_n]$, \mathbb{Z} -grading = degree)

Equip S with a $\mathbb{G}_{\text{MF}(n)}$ -grading, by putting S_j in degree $0 \oplus j \in \mathbb{Z} \oplus \mathbb{Z} / 2 \oplus -n$.

We define $\text{GrMF}(S, W) := f^* \text{MF}_{\text{MF}(n)}^{\mathbb{G}_{\text{MF}(n)}}(S, W)$

Thm. (Orlov):

If $S = \mathbb{K}[z_1, \dots, z_n]$

$\left. \begin{array}{l} W \in S \text{ deg} = n \\ \{W=0\} \subset \mathbb{P}_{\mathbb{K}}^{n-1} \text{ smooth} \end{array} \right\} \Rightarrow H^0(\text{GrMF}(S, W)) \cong \text{D}^b \text{Coh}(\{W=0\})$

$R = \mathbb{C}[Q_1, \dots, Q_n] \longrightarrow \mathbb{C}(\mathbb{Q})$
 $Q_i \mapsto \mathbb{Q}$

$\mathcal{F}(X, D) \otimes_R \mathbb{C}(\mathbb{Q}) \quad \text{GrMF}^{\mathbb{P}^*}(S \otimes_R \mathbb{C}(\mathbb{Q}), W \otimes 1) \cong \text{D}^b \text{Coh}^{\mathbb{P}^*}(\{W=0\})$
 $\cup \quad \cup$
 $\tilde{A} \otimes_R \mathbb{C}(\mathbb{Q}) \xrightarrow{\sim} \psi^*(\tilde{\mathcal{D}} \otimes_R \mathbb{C}(\mathbb{Q}))$